## Power Relay MM

## Stable Contact Reliability and Long Life

- Easy to mount, wire, and use.
- A large selection of models including various contact forms, DC-switching models, and open models.
- Mechanical life: 5,000,000 operations; electrical life (under rated load): 500,000 operations.
- Models also available with built-in diodes and for use as auxiliary power relays.


## Ordering Information

| Type | Contact form | Open structure |  | Cased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Solder terminals | Screw terminals | Plug-in (octal pins) terminals |
| Standard | DPDT | MM2 | MM2B | MM2P |
|  | 3PDT | MM3 | MM3B | MM3P |
|  | 4PDT | MM4 | MM4B | MM4P |
| DC-switching | DPDT | MM2X | MM2XB | MM2XP |
|  | 3PDT | MM3X | MM3XB | MM3XP |
|  | 4PDT | MM4X | MM4XB | MM4XP |
| With built-in diode | DPDT | -- | --- | MM2P-D |
|  | 4PDT | --- | --- | MM4P-D |
| DC-switching with built-in diode | DPDT | --- | --- | MM2XP-D |
|  | 4PDT | --- | --- | MM4XP-D |
| With operation indicator | DPDT | --- | --- | MM2PN |
|  | 3PDT | --- | --- | MM3PN |
|  | 4PDT | --- | --- | MM4PN |
| DC-switching with operation indicator | DPDT | --- | --- | MM2XPN |
|  | 3PDT | --- | --- | MM3XPN |
|  | 4PDT | --- | --- | MM4XPN |
| Conforming to auxiliary power relay specifications | 4PDT | --- | --- | MM4P-JD |
|  |  | --- | --- | MM4XP-JD |

Available Models
When your order, specify the rated voltage.

## Open Coils (with Solder Terminals)

| Type | Contact form | Relay model | Available rated voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard | DP | MM2 | 6, 12, 24, 50, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 200/220 VDC |
|  | 3P | MM3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC } \\ & 6,12,24,48,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 4P | MM4 | 24, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC <br> 6, 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 200/220 VDC |
| DC-switching | DP | MM2X | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC } \\ & 6,12,24,48,100 / 110,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 3P | MM3X | $\begin{aligned} & 100 /(110), 200 /(220) \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 12,24,100 / 110 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 4P | MM4X | 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 12, 24, 48, 100/110 VDC |

Open Coils (with Screw Terminals)

| Type | Contact form | Relay model | Available rated voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard | DP | MM2B | 6, 12, 24, 50, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
|  | 3P | MM3B | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC } \\ & 12,24,100 / 110 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 4P | MM4B | 6, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 12, 24, 48, 100/110 VDC |
| DC-switching | DP | MM2XB | 24, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC <br> 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
|  | 3P | MM3XB | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 /(110), 200 /(220) \text { VAC } \\ 12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{array}$ |
|  | 4P | MM4XB | $12,24,100 /(110), 200 /(220)$ VAC $6,12,24,48,100 / 110,200 / 220$ VDC |

## Cased Coils (Plug-in Terminals)

| Type | Contact form | Relay model | Available rated voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard | DP | MM2P | $6,12,24,50,100 /(110), 200 /(220)$ VAC $6,12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220$ VDC |
|  | 3P | MM3P | 6, 24, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC <br> 6, 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
|  | 4P | MM4P | 6, 24, 50, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
| DC-switching | DP | MM2XP | 6, 24, 100/(110), 125, 200/(220) VAC <br> 6, 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
|  | 3P | MM3XP | 24, 50, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
|  | 4P | MM4XP | 12, 24, 50, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
| With built-in diode | DP | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MM2P-D } \\ \text { MM4P-D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $12,24,48,100 / 110,200 / 220$ VDC $12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220$ VDC |
| DC-switching with built-in diode | DP | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MM2XP-D } \\ & \text { MM4XP-D } \end{aligned}$ | $12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220$ VDC $12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220$ VDC |
| With operation indicator | DP | MM2PN | $6,24,100 /(110), 200 /(220)$ VAC $6,12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220$ VDC |
|  | 3P | MM3PN | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 /(110), 200 /(220) \text { VAC } \\ 6,12,24,48,100 / 110,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{array}$ |
|  | 4P | MM4PN | 24, 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC <br> 24, 48, 100/110, 125, 200/220 VDC |
| DC-switching with operation indicator | DP | MM2XPN | $\begin{aligned} & 100 /(110), 200 /(220) \text { VAC } \\ & 12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 3P | MM3XPN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC } \\ & 24,48,100 / 110,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 4P | MM4XPN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC } \\ & 12,24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Conforming to auxiliary power relay specifications | 4P | MM4P-JD | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 /(110), 110,115,200 /(220), 220 \text { VAC } \\ 24,100 / 110,125,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{array}$ |
| Conforming to auxiliary power relay specifications for DC-switching | 4P | MM4XP-JD | $100 /(110), 110,115,200 /(220)$ VAC $24,48,100 / 110,125,200 / 220$ VDC |

## Models Conforming to Auxiliary Power Relay Specifications

The MM4P-JD and MM4XP-JD satisfy the ratings of auxiliary relays provided in JEC-2500 (1987) standards for power protective relays specified by the Japan Electromechanical Commission. Furthermore, the MM4P-JD and MM4XP-JD satisfy the ratings of multi-contact relays provided in JEC-174D (1979) standards for power auxiliary relays.
These models work at operation level B specified by JEC-174D (1979) standards and the hot start of the relays is possible after the coils radiate heat.
In accordance with JEC-2500 (1987) standards, the coil of each model withstands a $130 \%$ DC load or 115\% AC load.
Note: 1. When ordering, add the rated coil voltage to the model number. Rated coil voltages are given in the coil ratings table.
Example: MM2, 6 VAC
L Rated coil voltage
2. Latching Relays based on the MM Series are also available. Refer to the MMK.
3. Models with built-in varistors (AC operation) are also available in addition to those with built-in diodes. Ask your OMRON representative for details.

## Model Number Legend

MM $\square \frac{\square}{1} \frac{\square}{2} \frac{\square}{4}-\frac{\square}{5}$

1. Contact Form

2: DPDT
3: 3PDT
4: 4PDT
2. Type (See Note.)

None: Standard
X: DC-switching
3. Terminal Shape

None: Solder
B: Screw
P: Plug-in
4. Operation Indicator

None: Not provided
N: Provided
5. Built-in Diode

None: Not provided
D: Provided
Note: The suffix "JD" indicates models conforming to auxiliary power relay specifications.

## Accessories (Order Separately)

## Mounting Brackets

| Mounting Bracket (S bracket) | R99-03MM |
| :--- | :--- |

## Sockets

| Relay model | DIN Track/Front-connecting Socket <br> (screw terminals) | Back-connecting Socket <br> (solder terminals) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MM2(X)P(N)(-D) | 8PFA | PL08 |
| MM3P(N) | 11 PFA |  |
|  |  |  |
| MM3XP(N), MM4(X)P(N)(-D) |  |  |
| MM4(X)P-JD |  |  |

## Specifications

## ■ Coil Ratings

## Open Coils (with Solder or Screw Terminals)

| Rated voltage (V) |  | Rated current (mA) |  |  |  | Coil resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |  | Mustoperate voltage | Mustrelease voltage | Max. voltage | Power consumption (VA or W) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DP |  | 3P or 4P |  | DP | 3P or 4P |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 50 Hz | 60 Hz | 50 Hz | 60 Hz |  |  | \% of rated voltage |  |  | Initial | Rated |
| AC | 6 | 790 | 655 | 1,120 | 950 | 1.1 | 0.5 | $80 \% \text { max. }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 30 \% \mathrm{~min} . \\ & (60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \\ & 25 \% \mathrm{~min} . \\ & (50 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{aligned}$ | 110\% | Approx. 4.1 (DP) <br> Approx. 6.3 (3P or 4P) | Approx. 3.5 (DP) Approx. 5.1 (3P or 4P) |
|  | 12 | 395 | 325 | 560 | 480 | 4.7 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 | 195 | 160 | 280 | 240 | 19 | 8.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 50 | 94 | 78 | 134 | 114 | 82 | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100/(110) | 47 | 39/45 | 67 | 57/66 | 340 | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200/(220) | 23.5 | 19.5/ 22.5 | 33.5 | 28.5/33 | 1,540 | 620 |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC | 6 | 340 |  | 450 |  | 17.5 | 13.4 | 70\% max. | 10\% min. |  | Approx. 2.1 (DP) <br> Approx. 2.7 (3P or 4P) |  |
|  | 12 | 176 |  | 220 |  | 68 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 | 87 |  | 94 |  | 275 | 255 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 48 | 41 |  | 52 |  | 1,180 | 930 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100/110 | 17/19 |  | 22/24.5 |  | 5,750 | 4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200/220 | 8.6/9.5 |  | 11/12 |  | 23,200 | 18,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with tolerances of $+15 \% /-20 \%$ for $A C$ rated current and $\pm 15 \%$ for DC coil resistance.
2. The AC coil resistance values are reference values.
3. Performance characteristic data are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
4. The maximum voltage is one that is applicable instantaneously to the Relay coil at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and not continuously.

## Cased Coils (Plug-in Terminals)

The rated current may vary if the Relay has a built-in operating indicator (See note 4.).

| Rated voltage <br> (V) |  | Rated current (mA) |  |  |  | Coil resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |  | Coil inductance (H) |  |  |  | Mustoperate voltage | Mustrelease voltage | Max. voltage | Powerconsumption(VA or W) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DP |  | 3P or 4P |  | DP | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3P or } \\ 4 \mathrm{P} \end{gathered}$ | DP |  | 3P or 4P |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 50 Hz | 60 Hz | 50 Hz | 60 Hz |  |  | Contact release | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contact } \\ & \text { operate } \end{aligned}$ | Contact release | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contact } \\ & \text { operate } \end{aligned}$ | \% of rated voltage |  |  | Initial | Rated |
| AC | 6 | 690 | 590 | 975 | 850 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \% \\ & \max . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 30 \% \\ \text { min. } \\ (60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \\ 25 \% \\ \min . \\ (50 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{array}$ | 110\% | Approx. 4.1 (DP) Approx. 6.3 (3P or 4P) | Approx. 3.5 (DP) Approx. 5.1 (3P or 4P) |
|  | 12 | 345 | 295 | 490 | 430 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.07 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 | 170 | 145 | 245 | 210 | 19 | 8.5 | 0.28 | 0.41 | 0.18 | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 50 | 82 | 70 | 117 | 102 | 82 | 36 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 0.75 | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100/(110) | 41 | 35/40 | 58.5 | 51/58 | 340 | 150 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 3 | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200/(220) | 20.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.5 / \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 29 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 25.5 / \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | 1,540 | 620 | 20 | 25.6 | 12 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC | 6 | 340 |  | 450 |  | 17.5 | 13.4 | 0.2 | 0.36 | 0.23 | 0.35 | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \% \\ & \text { max. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \% \\ & \text { min. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Approx. 2.1 (DP) Approx. 2.7 (3P or 4P) |  |
|  | 12 | 176 |  | 220 |  | 68 | 54 | 0.74 | 1.0 | 0.87 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 | 87 |  | 94 |  | 275 | 255 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 9.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 48 | 41 |  | 52 |  | 1,180 | 930 | 20.4 | 26 | 27.3 | 45.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100/110 | 17/19 |  | 22/24.5 |  | 5,750 | 4,500 | 81.6 | 92.5 | 61.4 | 96.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200/220 | 8.6/9.5 |  | 11/12 |  | 23,200 | 18,000 | 340 | 380 | 158 | 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with tolerances of $+15 \% /-20 \%$ for $A C$ rated current and $\pm 15 \%$ for DC coil resistance.
2. The AC coil resistance and coil inductance values are for reference only.
3. Performance characteristic data are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
4. The maximum voltage is one that is applicable instantaneously to the Relay coil at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and not continuously.
5. The rated current of a model with a built-in LED indicator at $6,12,24$, or 50 VAC or $6,12,24$, or 48 VDC increases by approx. 10 mA due to the current consumption of the LED. The rated current of a model with a built-in neon lamp indicator at 100/(110) or 200/(220) VAC or $100 / 110$ or 200/220 VDC increases by approx. 0.2 mA due to the current consumption of the neon lamp.

Coils (Conforming to Auxiliary Power Relay Specifications)

| Rated voltage (V) |  | Rated current (mA) |  | Coilresis-tance $(\Omega)$ | Coil inductance (H) |  | Mustoperate | Mustrelease | Max. voltage | Operation level (JEC174D) | Power consumption (VA or W) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 50 Hz | 60 Hz |  | Contact release | Contact operate | \% of rated voltage |  |  |  | Initial | Rated |
| AC | 24 | 245 | 210 | 8.5 | 0.18 | 0.28 | 80\% max. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 30 \% \mathrm{~min} . \\ & (60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \\ & 25 \% \mathrm{~min} . \\ & (50 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{aligned}$ | 110\% | B <br> Hot start after coil heated | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Approx. } \\ & 6.3 \end{aligned}$ | Approx. <br> 5.1 |
|  | 50 | 117 | 102 | 36 | 0.75 | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100/(110) | 58.5 | 51/58 | 150 | 3 | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 110 | 53 | 46 | 182 | 3.6 | 5.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 115 | 51 | 44 | 210 | 4 | 6.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200/(220) | 29 | 25.5/29 | 620 | 12 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 220 | 26.5 | 23 | 780 | 15 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC | 24 | 94 |  | 255 | 5.6 | 9.2 | 70\% max. | $10 \% \mathrm{~min}$. |  |  | Approx. 2.7 |  |
|  | 48 | 52 |  | 930 | 27.3 | 45.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100/110 | 22/24.5 |  | 4,500 | 61.4 | 96.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125 | 22 |  | 5,800 | 90 | 130 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200/220 | 11/12 |  | 18,000 | 158 | 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with tolerances of $+15 \% /-20 \%$ for $A C$ rated current and $\pm 15 \%$ for $D C$ coil resistance.
2. The $A C$ coil resistance and coil inductance values are for reference only.
3. Performance characteristic data are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
4. The maximum voltage is one that is applicable instantaneously to the Relay coil at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and not continuously.

## ■ Contact Ratings

## Standard Relays

| Item | Open Relays |  | Cased Relays |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MM2(B), MM3(B), MM4(B) |  | MM2P(N, -D), MM3P(N), MM4P(N, -D) |  |
|  | Resistive load $(\cos \phi=1)$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inductive load } \\ (\cos \phi=0.4, L / R=7 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Resistive load } \\ & (\cos \phi=1) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inductive load } \\ & (\cos \phi=0.4, L / R=7 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Contact type | Single |  |  |  |
| Contact material | Ag |  |  |  |
| Rated load | 15 A at 220 VAC 10 A at 24 VDC |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 7.5 A at } 220 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~A} \text { at } 24 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Rated carry current | 15 A |  | 7.5 A |  |
| Max. switching voltage | 250 VAC, 250 VDC |  | 250 VAC, 250 VDC |  |
| Max. switching current | 15 A |  | 7.5 A |  |
| Max. switching power (reference value) | 3,300 VA at 240 W |  | 1,700 VA at 120 W |  |
| Minimum permissible load (reference value) (See note.) | 5 VDC 10 mA |  |  |  |

Note: This value is measured at 60 operations/min.

## DC-switching Relays/Built-in Diode Relays

| Item | Open Relays |  | Cased Relays |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MM2X(B), MM3X(B), MM4X(B) |  | MM2XP(-D), MM3XP, MM4XP(-D) |  |
|  | Resistive load $(\cos \phi=1)$ | Inductive load (L/R=7 ms) | Resistive load $(\cos \phi=1)$ | Inductive load (L/R=7 ms) |
| Contact type | Single |  |  |  |
| Contact material | Ag |  |  |  |
| Rated load | 10 A at 110 VDC | 7 A at 110 VDC | 7 A at 110 VDC | 6 A at 110 VDC |
| Rated carry current | 15 A |  | 7.5 A |  |
| Max. switching voltage | 250 VAC, 250 VDC |  | 250 VAC, 250 VDC |  |
| Max. switching current | 15 A |  | 7.5 A |  |
| Max. switching power (reference value) | 1,200 W at 20 VA *1 | 800 W at $20 \mathrm{VA} * 1$ | 800 W at $20 \mathrm{VA} * 1$ | 660 W at 20 VA *1 |
| Minimum permissible load (reference value) $* 2$ | 5 VDC at 10 mA |  |  |  |

Note: 1. When switching DC inductive loads at 125 V or more, an unstable region exists for a contact current of between 0.5 and 2.5 A . The Relay will not turn OFF in this region. Use a contact current of 0.5 A or less when switching 125 VDC or more.
2. If L/R exceeds 7 ms when switching DC inductive loads, an arc-breaking time of up to 50 ms must be considered in application and the circuit must be designed to ensure that an arc-breaking time of 50 ms is not exceeded.
3. The switching capacity for an AC load is minute.
*1. Refer to Switching an AC Load with a DC-switching Model ("X" Model) on page 16.
$* 2$. This value is measured at 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$.

Contacts (Conforming to Auxiliary Power Relay Specifications)

| Item | MM4P-JD |  | MM4XP-JD |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Resistive load | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inductive load } \\ (\cos \phi=0.4, \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{R}=7 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{gathered}$ | Resistive load | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inductive load } \\ (\cos \phi=0.4, \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{R}=7 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Contact type | Single |  |  |  |
| Contact material | Ag |  |  |  |
| Rated load | 5 A at 220 VAC, 5 A at 24 VDC |  | 5 A at 110 VDC |  |
| Rated carry current | 5 A |  |  |  |
| Max. switching voltage | 250 VAC, 250 VDC |  |  |  |
| Max. switching current | 5 A |  |  |  |
| Max. switching power (reference value) | 1,100 VA, $120 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \mathrm{~W}$ (L/R = 40 ms ) |  | $20 \mathrm{VA}, 550 \mathrm{~W}, 40 \mathrm{~W}$ (L/R = 40 ms ) |  |

Note: 1. A model for DC loads is not in stable operation when switching an inductive load within a operating current range between 0.5 and 2.5 A at a minimum of 125 VDC , where the load cannot be switched.
2. If $L / R$ exceeds 7 ms when switching $D C$ inductive loads, an arc-breaking time of up to 50 ms must be considered in application and the circuit must be designed to ensure that an arc-breaking time of 50 ms is not exceeded.

## Characteristics

## Standard Relays



Note: 1. The data shown above are initial values.
2. The contact resistance was measured with 1 A at 5 VDC using the voltage drop method.
3. The operate or release time was measured with the rated voltage imposed with any contact bounce ignored at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
4. The insulation resistance was measured with a $500-\mathrm{VDC}$ megger applied to the same places as those used for checking the dielectric strength.
5. The electrical endurance was measured at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Relays (Conforming to Auxiliary Power Relay Specifications)

| Item | Cased Relays |
| :---: | :---: |
| Contact resistance (See note 2.) | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Operate time (See note 3.) | AC: 25 ms max., DC: 50 ms max. |
| Release time (See note 3.) | 30 ms max . |
| Max. operating frequency | Mechanical: 1,800 operations $/ \mathrm{hr}$ <br> Electrical: 1,800 operations $/ \mathrm{hr}$ (under rated load) |
| Insulation resistance (See note 4.) | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. |
| Dielectric strength | Between coil and contact: $2,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute <br> Between contacts of different polarity: $2,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute <br> Between contacts of same polarity: $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction: 10 to 55 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ single amplitude ( 1.5 mm double amplitude) Malfunction: 10 to 22 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ single amplitude ( 1.0 mm double amplitude) |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ Malfunction: $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Endurance | Mechanical: 5,000,000 operations min. (at 1,800 operations/hr) Electrical: $\quad 500,000$ operations min . (at 1,800 operations/hr with rated load) (see note 5 ) |
| Error rate (level P) (Reference value) (See note 6.) | 10 mA at 5 VDC |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing or condensation) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 5\% to 85\% |
| Weight | MM4P-JD: approx. 410 g MM4XP-JD: approx. 420 g |

Note: 1. The data shown above are initial values.
2. The contact resistance was measured with 1 A at 5 VDC using the voltage drop method.
3. The operate or release time was measured with the rated voltage imposed with any contact bounce ignored at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
4. The insulation resistance was measured with a 500-VDC megger applied to the same places as those used for checking the dielectric strength.
5. The electrical endurance was measured at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
6. This value was measured at a switching frequency of 60 operations per minute.

## Engineering Data

## ■ Standard Relays

Maximum Switching Power Open Relays
$\mathrm{MM} \square(\mathrm{B})$


Cased Relays
$\mathbf{M M} \square \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{N},-\mathrm{D})$


Endurance Curves
Open Relays


## ■ DC-switching Relays

Maximum Switching Power
Open Relays


Switching voltage (V)
Endurance Curves
Open Relays


Cased Relays


Cased Relays



## Relays Conforming to Auxiliary Power Relay Specifications

Maximum Switching Power



## Endurance Curves




Ambient Temperature vs. Must-operate and Must-release Voltage
MM2P AC ( 60 Hz )


Ambient Temperature vs.

## Coil Temperature Rise

MM2P 110 VAC (60 Hz)


## Malfunctioning Shock

 MM2P AC

Number of samples: 5
Measurement conditions: Impose a shock of $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ in the $\pm X, \pm Y$, and $\pm Z$ directions three times each with the Relay energized and not energized to check the shock values that cause the Relay to malfunction.

## Contact Reliability

(Improved Allen-Bradley Test Circuit)
MM4P 24 VDC



Relay Mounting Adjacent Distance vs.

## Coil Temperature Rise

MM4P 100 /(110) VAC


## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## ■ Standard Relays

## Open Relays



Note: Connect the common (C) of MM $\square \mathrm{X}$ to positive (+).
Screw Terminals MM2(X)B, MM3(X)B,


MM2B


MM3(X)B


MM4(X)B


Note: Connect the common (C) of MM $\square \mathrm{XB}$ to positive (+).

Mounting Holes
(Bottom View)
Direct mounting


Length of $\ell$ DPDT: $22 \pm 0.2$
3PDT: $28 \pm 0.2$ 4PDT: $34 \pm 0.2$

## Mounting Bracket (S Bracket)

R99-03 (S KANAGU) FOR MM
The S Bracket can be used to mount a Relay with open solder or screw terminals.


|  | R99-03 (S KANAGU) <br> FOR MM2 (611) <br> (DPDT) | R99-03 (S KANAGU) <br> FOR MM3. 4 (61) <br> 3PDT, 4PDT |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\ell$ | 22 | 28,34 |
| D | 71 max. | 71 max. |
| $W$ | 36 max. | 46 max. |
| $H$ | 6 max. | 6 max. |

## Cased Relays

## Plug-in Terminals



MM2P(N, -D)
MM2XP(N, -D)

MM2P


Note: As shown in the diagram, there are three 10-dia. holes in the side of the case for the MM2XP(N, -D). When a case-protection plate is attached, the width of the Relay will be 48 mm max.
Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View)
Make sure that all common connections have the same polarity for the MM2XP-N/-D. The markings of the common connections on the casing all show " + " but the polarity of the common connections can be either negative or positive as long as they are all the same.

| MM2P | MM2P-D | MM2PN | MM2PN | MM2PN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 6, 12, 24, 50 VAC |  |  |
| MM2XP | MM2XP-D | MM2XPN | MM2XPN | MM2XPN |
|  |  | 6, 12, 24, 50 VAC | 6, 12, 24, 48 VDC |  |

Note: Wire the terminals correctly with no mistakes in coil polarity.


Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View)

| MM3P | MM3PN | MM3PN | MM3PN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6,12,24,50 \mathrm{VAC}$ | 6, 12, 24, 48 VDC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100/(110), 200/(220) VAC } \\ & 100 / 110,200 / 220 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |

Note: Wire the terminals correctly with no mistakes in coil polarity.

MM3PXP(N)
MM4P(N,
MM4XP(N, -D)


MM4P


Note 1: As shown in the diagram, there are three 10-dia. holes in the side of the case for MM $\square \mathrm{XP}(\mathrm{N},-\mathrm{D})$. 2: When a case-protection plate is attached, the width of the Relay will be 80 mm max.
Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View) Make sure that all common connections have the same polarity for the MM $\square$ XP-N/-D. The markings of the common connections on the casing all show "+" but the polarity of the common connections can be either negative or positive as long as they are all the same.

| MM3XP | MM3XPN | MM3XPN | MM3XPN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6, 12, 24, 50 VAC | 6, 12, 24, 48 VDC |  |



Note: Wire the terminals correctly with no mistakes in coil polarity.

MM4P-JD


MM4XP-JD


Make sure that all common connections are the same in polarity. The markings of the common connections on the casing all show "+" but the polarity of the common connections can be either all negative or all positive.

## Relays with Operation Indicators

Dimensions are the same as those for standard Relays except that there are three 10-mm hole in the case as shown below.


## Accessories

## Sockets

| Relay model | DIN Track/Front-connecting Socket <br> (screw terminals) | Back-connecting Socket <br> (solder terminals) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MM2(X)P(N)(-D) | 8PFA | PL08 |  |
| MM3P(N) | 11 PFA |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| MM3XP(N), MM4(X)P(N)(-D) | 14 PFA |  |  |
| MM4(X)P-JD | 14 PFA |  |  |

Note: When using the MM4(X)P-JD (i.e., a model conforming to auxiliary power relay specifications) by itself, the PL15 Back-connecting Socket cannot be used.

## Height with Socket

## DIN Track/Front-connecting Socket



11PFA
14PFA

Back-connecting Socket

PL08

PL11

PL15

## Safety Precautions

Refer to Safety Precautions for All Relays.

## Connection

- Use proper crimp terminals or 1.2- to 2-mm-dia. single-conductor wire to connect screw terminals.
- Connect loads to DC-switching Relays so that arcs from adjacent terminals will not strike each other. E.g., connect all common terminals to the same polarity.
- Screw Terminal Model:

Do not bend the coil terminals, otherwise the coil wire may be disconnected. Make sure that the tightening torque applied to each terminal is 0.78 to $1.18 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ and the insertion force is 49 N for 10 s .

- Do not reverse polarity when connecting open DC-switching Relays, including 3 - and 4 -pole models.


## $\square$ Installation

- Do not install the Relays where iron dust can adhere to the contacts or coil. Such dust can prevent the armature from moving freely and inhibit proper electrical contact.
- Relays can generate arcs externally. Either install the Relay in a location where a nearby object will not burn or use a covered Relay.
- DC-switching Relays contain a permanent magnet in the insulation base. Do not place a magnet or magnetic object near this base. Doing so will reduce the power of the permanent magnet, thus reducing Relay capacity.
- Insert PL Back-mounting Sockets from the back of the panel.
- To minimize the influence of heat, separate Relays from each other by at least 20 mm for cooling when mounting multiple Relays together.

- Relays should be mounted with the armature facing down.


## Wiring

When connecting a load to the contact terminals of a model for DC loads, consider the polarity of the contact terminals so that the generated arcs on the adjacent poles will not collide. If the common connections of the Relay are all positive or all negative, no arc collision will occur.

## ■ MMXP

The MMXP has a hole in the Relay case to allow gas to escape. Do not use this Relay in locations subject to excessive dust.


## Contact Loads

The contact load should be greater than the power consumption of the coil. If it is less than this power consumption or if the Relay is operated very infrequently, the contact can change chemically thus causing unstable operation.

## Soldering

When soldering solder terminals, do not let flux or other foreign matter adhere to contacts or do not let the coil terminals become bent. Also, solder as quickly as possible because excessive heat may damage the coil.

## Diode Built into Relays

A diode is built into the Relays to absorb reverse electromotive force from the relay coil. The diode will be destroyed if a large external surge voltage is applied. If there is a possibility of a large external surge voltage being applied, take suitable measures to absorb the surge.

## Storage

A model for DC loads incorporates a permanent magnetic for arc suppression. Keep floppy disks away from the Relay, otherwise the data on the floppy disk may be damaged.

## Operating Environment

Do not use the Relay in places with flammable gas, otherwise an explosion may result due to an arc generated from the Relay

## Switching an AC Load with a DC-switching Model ("X" Model)

DC-switching Relays ("X" models) use a magnet to extinguish arcs. The polarity must be correct when you connect the switching section. However, if you connect an AC load, the positive and negative poles of the power supply alternate. This can cause short-circuits due to the collision of arcs that occur when the Relay turns OFF.
Therefore, the switching capacity for an AC load is specified as 20 VA or less to prevent short circuits caused by arc collisions.
Take sufficient caution if you switch an AC Load with a DC-switching model ("X" models).

Common C


> Refer to the technical guide on your OMRON website for technical descriptions and FAQs on the product.

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